3452 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.036$ 

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# Benzene-1,3,5-tricarboxylic acid-1,2bis(1,2,4-triazol-4-yl)ethane-water (4/1/2)

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 203 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.042; wR factor = 0.105; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.4.

The title compound,  $4C_9H_6O_6 \cdot C_6H_8N_6 \cdot 2H_2O$ , crystallizes in a laver structure where each sheet is composed of anellated hydrogen-bonded rings of six distinct sizes:  $R_2^2(16)$ ,  $R_3^3(18)$ ,  $R_4^4(12), R_4^4(18), R_4^4(22)$  and  $R_4^4(25)$ . The two largest rings, viz.  $R_4^4(22)$  and  $R_4^4(25)$ , are associated with O-H···N bonds from the carboxyl groups to the triazole rings. The typical head-totail carboxyl-carboxyl  $R_2^2(8)$  motif is not observed.

#### **Related literature**

For related literature, see: Althoff et al. (2006); Dale & Elsegood (2004); Dale et al. (2004); Dorn et al. (2005, 2006); Du et al. (2005); Etter et al. (1990); Fan et al. (2005); Goldberg & Bernstein (2007); Janiak (2000); Shattock et al. (2005); Turner et al. (2008); Wang & Wang (2005); Wisser & Janiak (2007a,b).



## **Experimental**

#### Crystal data

 $4C_9H_6O_6\cdot C_6H_8N_6\cdot 2H_2O$  $M_r = 1040.76$ Triclinic,  $P\overline{1}$ a = 9.7989 (1) Å b = 10.7511 (2) Å c = 12.6578 (2) Å  $\alpha = 108.801 (1)^{\circ}$  $\beta = 98.737 \ (1)^{\circ}$ 

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  $\mu = 0.13 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 203 (2) K $0.37 \times 0.05 \times 0.02 \text{ mm}$ 

 $\gamma = 113.340 \ (1)^{\circ}$ 

Z = 1

V = 1097.44 (3) Å<sup>3</sup>

Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)  $T_{\min} = 0.952, T_{\max} = 0.997$ 

20984 measured reflections 4824 independent reflections

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$	H atoms treated by a mixture of
$wR(F^2) = 0.105$	independent and constrained
S = 1.02	refinement
4824 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.25 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
359 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

#### Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots \mathbf{A}$
$O2-H2\cdots O11^i$	0.92 (2)	1.67 (2)	2.594 (2)	175 (2)
$O4-H4\cdots O8$	0.88 (2)	1.75 (2)	2.626 (2)	174 (2)
O6−H6···O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.91 (2)	1.84 (2)	2.699 (2)	157 (2)
O7-H7···N1	0.96 (2)	1.75 (2)	2.703 (2)	172 (2)
O9−H9···O13	0.91 (3)	1.63 (3)	2.531 (2)	170 (2)
$O12-H12\cdots N2^{iii}$	0.90(2)	1.76 (2)	2.644 (2)	167 (2)
$O13-H13A\cdots O10^{iv}$	0.91 (2)	1.81 (3)	2.711 (2)	171 (2)
O13−H13 <i>B</i> ···O5	0.85 (3)	1.92 (3)	2.751 (2)	167 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i) x + 1, y, z - 1; (ii) -x + 3, -y + 2, -z + 1; (iii) -x, -y, -z + 1; (iv) -x + 2, -y + 2, -z + 2.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2006); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2006); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: DIAMOND (Crystal Impact, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: publCIF (Westrip, 2008).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: KJ2089).

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supplementary materials

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# Benzene-1,3,5-tricarboxylic acid-1,2-bis(1,2,4-triazol-4-yl)ethane-water (4/1/2)

# H. A. Habib and C. Janiak

#### Comment

Hydrogen bonding within crystalline systems is of timely interest for the rational design of organized solids (Althoff *et al.*, 2006; Dorn *et al.*, 2005; Dorn *et al.* 2006; Wisser & Janiak, 2007*a,b*). Co-crystallization of benzene-di, -tri- and -tetracarboxylic acids, like trimesic acid or hemimellitic acid with solvent molecules or nitrogen bases is the focus of permanent and recent research activities (Dale & Elsegood, 2004; Dale *et al.*, 2004; Du *et al.*, 2005; Fan *et al.*, 2005; Goldberg & Bernstein, 2007; Shattock *et al.*, 2005; Turner *et al.*, 2008; Wang & Wang, 2005). Co-crystal structures of trimesic acid (benzene-1,3,5-tricarboxylic acid) have been reported with 2,5-bis(3- and 4-pyridyl)-1,3,4-oxadiazole (two-dimensional sheet, Du *et al.*, 2005), 3,6-bis(3'-pyridyl)-1,2,4,5-tetrazine (one-dimensional ribbon, Wang & Wang, 2005), 1,2-bis(4-pyridyl)ethane (two-dimensional 6,3- and 10,3-network with interpenetration, Shattock *et al.*, 2005), mono- and bis(methanol) (one-dimensional tape, Dale *et al.*, 2004), acetic acid (Goldberg & Bernstein, 2007) and dihydrate (three-dimensional network, Fan *et al.*, 2005).

The hydrogen-bonded sheet in the title compound contains several different motifs that engage all of the strong hydrogen bond donors and acceptors available (Fig. 1 and 2). The hydrogen bond distances in the sheet are spread over a narrow range, with D···A distances from 2.53 to 2.75 Å. The sheet is constructed of six distinct hydrogen-bonded rings of sizes  $R_2^2(16)$ ,  $R_3^3(18)$ ,  $R_4^4(12)$ ,  $R_4^4(18)$ ,  $R_4^4(22)$  and  $R_4^4(25)$ , using Etter's graph set analysis (Etter *et al.*, 1990). The two largest rings  $R_4^4(22)$  and  $R_4^4(25)$  are associated with the O—H···N bonds from the carboxylic acid groups to the triazole rings. All N1 and N2 nitrogen atoms of the 1,2-bis(1,2,4-triazol-4-yl)ethane molecule act as hydrogen-bond acceptors. The smallest ring  $R_4^4(12)$  incorporates two water molecules and two carboxylic acid groups. The 18-membered  $R_3^3(18)$  and  $R_4^4(18)$  rings are constructed from one water molecule in combination with three and four carboxylic acid groups, respectively. These water and carboxylic acid containing motifs are different from those seen in the structure of the trimesic acid dihydrate (Fan *et al.*, 2005). Also, formation of the common  $R_2^2(8)$  head-to-tail carboxylic acid graph-set motif is apparently prevented in the structure of the title compound by the water and the bis-triazole molecule. No relevant  $\pi$ - $\pi$  or C—H··· $\pi$  interactions are found between molecules in adjacent sheets (Fig. 3) (Janiak, 2000).

#### **Experimental**

A mixture of trimesic acid, H<sub>3</sub>btc (210 mg, 1.00 mmol), 1,2-bis(1,2,4-triazol-4-yl)ethane, btre (164 mg, 1.00 mmol) and water (15 ml) was stirred for 30 min at room temperature, transferred to a Teflon-lined stainless-steel autoclave and heated at 453 K for 3 d. Then the autoclave was cooled to room temperature at a rate of 2.8 K h<sup>-1</sup>. A colorless crystalline product was filtered off, washed with distilled water and dried in air (yield 135 mg, 52% based on H<sub>3</sub>btc). Elemental analysis  $C_{21}H_{18}N_{3}O_{13}$  (520.38) calcd. C 48.47, H 3.49, N 8.07; found: C 47.84, H 3.49, N 8.02%.

# Refinement

Hydrogen atoms for aromatic CH and aliphatic CH<sub>2</sub> were positioned geometrically (C—H = 0.94 Å for aromatic CH, C—H = 0.98 Å for CH<sub>2</sub>) and refined using a riding model. Protic hydrogen atoms of the carboxyl groups and of the water of crystallization were found and refined with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(O)$ .

# **Figures**



Fig. 1. Fully labelled displacement ellipsoid diagram (at 50% probability) of the asymmetric unit. Symmetry code (v) 1-x, -y, -z.



Fig. 2. The hydrogen-bonded sheet in the structure of  $2(C_6H_3-1,3,5-(COOH)_3).0.5(C_6H_8N_6).H_2O$  with graph set pattern of hydrogen-bonded rings in violet. Hydrogen bond data is given in Table 1. Additional symmetry code (v) 1-x, -y, -z.



Fig. 3. Packing of the hydrogen-bonded sheets parallel to the (-2,3,-2)-plane with a *d*-spacing (distance of neighboring sheets) of 3.155 Å.

# benzene-1,3,5-tricarboxylic acid-1,2-bis(1,2,4-triazol-4-yl)ethane-water (4/1/2)

Crystal data	
$4C_9H_6O_6{\cdot}C_6H_8N_6{\cdot}2H_2O$	Z = 1
$M_r = 1040.76$	$F_{000} = 538$
Triclinic, PT	$D_{\rm x} = 1.575 {\rm ~Mg~m}^{-3}$
Hall symbol: -P 1	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
<i>a</i> = 9.7989 (1) Å	Cell parameters from 5028 reflections
b = 10.7511 (2) Å	$\theta = 2.2 - 31.5^{\circ}$
c = 12.6578 (2) Å	$\mu = 0.13 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\alpha = 108.801 \ (1)^{\circ}$	T = 203 (2)  K
$\beta = 98.737 \ (1)^{\circ}$	Needle, colourless
$\gamma = 113.340 \ (1)^{\circ}$	$0.37 \times 0.05 \times 0.02 \text{ mm}$
V = 1097.44 (3) Å <sup>3</sup>	

#### Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer	4824 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	3452 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.036$
T = 203(2)  K	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.1^{\circ}$
ω scans	$\theta_{\min} = 1.8^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)	$h = -12 \rightarrow 12$
$T_{\min} = 0.952, \ T_{\max} = 0.997$	$k = -13 \rightarrow 13$
20984 measured reflections	$l = -16 \rightarrow 16$

#### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.105$	$w = 1/[\sigma^{2}(F_{o}^{2}) + (0.0562P)^{2} + 0.0985P]$ where $P = (F_{o}^{2} + 2F_{c}^{2})/3$
<i>S</i> = 1.02	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$
4824 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.25 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
359 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: none

### Special details

**Experimental**. IR (KBr) 3512*m* (vCOO-H), 3427*m* (vCOO-H), 3122*m*, 1886*m*, 1704 s, (v<sub>asym</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>), 1539*m* (v<sub>asym</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>), 1452 s (v<sub>sym</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>), 1356w (v<sub>sym</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>), 1320w (δOH···O), 1285*m*, 1225*m*, 1190*m*, 1071*m*, 1020*m*, 986*m*, 936*m* (γOH···O), 905*m*, 870w, 844w, 814w, 745 s, 683 s, 666 s, 936*m*, 605w, 570w, 510*m*, 448*m* cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Thermogravimetric analysis (simultaneous thermoanalysis apparatus STA 409 C from Netzsch under nitrogen with a heating rate of 10 K min<sup>-1</sup> in the range of 323 to 920 K): A sample of the compound shows the first weight loss in the temperature range 450–490 K which corresponds to the removal of the water molecule (obs. 3.67, calcd. 3.45%). From 550 to 610 K a less well resolved weight loss of about 17% occurs which is assigned to the half btre molecule (calcd. 15.8%). A third weight loss in the range 610–650 K of around 40% is assigned to the removal of one H $\sim$ 3 $\sim$ btc molecule (calcd. 40.3%). A weight loss continues to 920 K where 18.6% of the original mass is retained.

**Geometry**. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only

for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc*. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^{2^{-}}$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
01	1.35077 (13)	0.71622 (12)	0.20868 (9)	0.0281 (3)
O2	1.12433 (15)	0.50380 (13)	0.11195 (10)	0.0342 (3)
H2	1.169 (2)	0.490 (2)	0.0526 (19)	0.051*
O3	0.72628 (14)	0.32810 (13)	0.28747 (10)	0.0357 (3)
O4	0.75183 (14)	0.47603 (13)	0.46864 (10)	0.0295 (3)
H4	0.658 (3)	0.402 (2)	0.4509 (17)	0.044*
O5	1.23563 (17)	0.97506 (14)	0.69889 (11)	0.0479 (4)
O6	1.41605 (14)	1.03213 (13)	0.61107 (11)	0.0335 (3)
H6	1.473 (3)	1.117 (2)	0.6791 (19)	0.050*
C1	1.15857 (19)	0.65177 (17)	0.30595 (13)	0.0226 (3)
C2	1.01588 (19)	0.54260 (17)	0.29865 (13)	0.0241 (4)
H2A	0.9603	0.4520	0.2306	0.031 (5)*
C3	0.95434 (19)	0.56593 (17)	0.39110 (13)	0.0224 (3)
C4	1.03774 (18)	0.69911 (17)	0.49313 (13)	0.0230 (3)
H4A	0.9963	0.7159	0.5555	0.028*
C5	1.18299 (19)	0.80705 (17)	0.50200 (13)	0.0228 (3)
C6	1.24244 (19)	0.78375 (17)	0.40836 (13)	0.0230 (3)
H6A	1.3397	0.8576	0.4144	0.028*
C7	1.22269 (19)	0.62928 (17)	0.20573 (13)	0.0235 (3)
C8	0.79976 (19)	0.44429 (17)	0.37606 (14)	0.0237 (3)
С9	1.2777 (2)	0.94488 (18)	0.61364 (14)	0.0260 (4)
07	0.23309 (14)	0.11931 (13)	0.42638 (10)	0.0327 (3)
H7	0.230 (2)	0.064 (2)	0.349 (2)	0.049*
08	0.47138 (14)	0.26410 (13)	0.43007 (10)	0.0369 (3)
09	0.82100 (16)	0.72343 (14)	0.77430 (11)	0.0405 (3)
Н9	0.916 (3)	0.808 (3)	0.814 (2)	0.061*
O10	0.75891 (16)	0.79239 (14)	0.93837 (11)	0.0487 (4)
011	0.23548 (16)	0.46243 (14)	0.93776 (11)	0.0443 (4)
012	0.10133 (15)	0.22723 (13)	0.79990 (11)	0.0360 (3)
H12	0.029 (3)	0.214 (2)	0.8372 (19)	0.054*
C11	0.40237 (18)	0.33372 (17)	0.60392 (13)	0.0226 (3)
C12	0.54215 (19)	0.46733 (17)	0.66014 (14)	0.0248 (4)
H12A	0.6137	0.4932	0.6193	0.030*
C13	0.57695 (19)	0.56305 (17)	0.77641 (14)	0.0252 (4)
C14	0.47026 (19)	0.52582 (17)	0.83609 (14)	0.0259 (4)
H14A	0.4929	0.5908	0.9144	0.031*
C15	0.33011 (19)	0.39277 (17)	0.78027 (14)	0.0242 (4)
C16	0.29563 (19)	0.29562 (17)	0.66414 (13)	0.0226 (3)
H16A	0.2012	0.2052	0.6267	0.027*
C17	0.37241 (19)	0.23634 (17)	0.47946 (14)	0.0255 (4)
C18	0.7287 (2)	0.70561 (18)	0.83851 (15)	0.0295 (4)
C19	0.2168 (2)	0.36255 (19)	0.84716 (14)	0.0276 (4)
013	1.09496 (16)	0.94370 (15)	0.86765 (12)	0.0442 (4)

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(A^2)$ 

H13A	1.134 (3)	1.031 (3)	0.932 (2)	0.066*
H13B	1.129 (3)	0.959 (3)	0.813 (2)	0.066*
C21	0.2033 (2)	-0.17823 (19)	0.03864 (14)	0.0307 (4)
H21A	0.1519	-0.2613	-0.0349	0.037*
C22	0.3793 (2)	0.02501 (18)	0.18472 (14)	0.0277 (4)
H22A	0.4747	0.1115	0.2332	0.033*
C23	0.4714 (2)	-0.0680 (2)	0.01332 (16)	0.0338 (4)
H23A	0.4241	-0.1585	-0.0605	0.041*
H23B	0.5608	-0.0657	0.0623	0.041*
N1	0.25099 (16)	-0.01876 (15)	0.21283 (12)	0.0281 (3)
N2	0.13810 (16)	-0.14927 (15)	0.11899 (12)	0.0293 (3)
N3	0.35506 (16)	-0.07258 (15)	0.07521 (11)	0.0272 (3)

# Atomic displacement parameters $(\text{\AA}^2)$

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
01	0.0239 (6)	0.0268 (6)	0.0238 (6)	0.0049 (5)	0.0126 (5)	0.0063 (5)
02	0.0292 (7)	0.0311 (7)	0.0215 (6)	0.0013 (6)	0.0140 (5)	0.0010 (5)
03	0.0264 (7)	0.0300 (7)	0.0276 (7)	-0.0011 (6)	0.0100 (5)	0.0032 (6)
O4	0.0195 (6)	0.0265 (6)	0.0300 (6)	0.0014 (5)	0.0130 (5)	0.0073 (5)
05	0.0467 (9)	0.0343 (7)	0.0338 (7)	0.0005 (6)	0.0268 (7)	-0.0017 (6)
O6	0.0236 (7)	0.0270 (6)	0.0248 (6)	-0.0018 (5)	0.0099 (5)	-0.0015 (5)
C1	0.0207 (8)	0.0239 (8)	0.0197 (8)	0.0080 (7)	0.0084 (7)	0.0075 (7)
C2	0.0208 (9)	0.0237 (8)	0.0187 (8)	0.0054 (7)	0.0065 (7)	0.0049 (7)
C3	0.0187 (8)	0.0223 (8)	0.0225 (8)	0.0070 (7)	0.0074 (7)	0.0081 (7)
C4	0.0209 (8)	0.0235 (8)	0.0221 (8)	0.0079 (7)	0.0111 (7)	0.0082 (7)
C5	0.0207 (9)	0.0219 (8)	0.0228 (8)	0.0079 (7)	0.0091 (7)	0.0078 (7)
C6	0.0178 (8)	0.0226 (8)	0.0229 (8)	0.0050 (7)	0.0093 (7)	0.0076 (7)
C7	0.0211 (9)	0.0219 (8)	0.0209 (8)	0.0058 (7)	0.0084 (7)	0.0065 (7)
C8	0.0191 (8)	0.0245 (8)	0.0240 (8)	0.0069 (7)	0.0083 (7)	0.0100(7)
C9	0.0248 (9)	0.0218 (8)	0.0250 (8)	0.0062 (7)	0.0131 (7)	0.0065 (7)
07	0.0237 (7)	0.0300 (6)	0.0214 (6)	-0.0013 (5)	0.0110 (5)	0.0004 (5)
08	0.0273 (7)	0.0332 (7)	0.0261 (6)	-0.0017 (6)	0.0167 (6)	0.0013 (5)
09	0.0282 (7)	0.0291 (7)	0.0359 (7)	-0.0047 (6)	0.0161 (6)	0.0014 (6)
O10	0.0416 (8)	0.0347 (7)	0.0305 (7)	-0.0044 (6)	0.0152 (6)	-0.0049 (6)
011	0.0399 (8)	0.0402 (8)	0.0307 (7)	0.0046 (6)	0.0237 (6)	0.0018 (6)
012	0.0269 (7)	0.0324 (7)	0.0349 (7)	0.0026 (6)	0.0202 (6)	0.0079 (6)
C11	0.0199 (9)	0.0220 (8)	0.0225 (8)	0.0073 (7)	0.0090 (7)	0.0081 (7)
C12	0.0223 (9)	0.0240 (8)	0.0255 (8)	0.0077 (7)	0.0123 (7)	0.0095 (7)
C13	0.0234 (9)	0.0218 (8)	0.0242 (8)	0.0072 (7)	0.0094 (7)	0.0063 (7)
C14	0.0243 (9)	0.0239 (8)	0.0220 (8)	0.0075 (7)	0.0101 (7)	0.0051 (7)
C15	0.0223 (9)	0.0251 (8)	0.0245 (8)	0.0096 (7)	0.0109 (7)	0.0101 (7)
C16	0.0197 (8)	0.0208 (8)	0.0223 (8)	0.0060 (7)	0.0083 (7)	0.0072 (7)
C17	0.0219 (9)	0.0237 (8)	0.0240 (8)	0.0051 (7)	0.0104 (7)	0.0082 (7)
C18	0.0273 (10)	0.0236 (9)	0.0274 (9)	0.0054 (8)	0.0115 (8)	0.0060(7)
C19	0.0242 (9)	0.0311 (9)	0.0227 (8)	0.0092 (8)	0.0109 (7)	0.0094 (7)
O13	0.0374 (8)	0.0341 (7)	0.0289 (7)	-0.0054 (6)	0.0157 (6)	0.0019 (6)
C21	0.0262 (9)	0.0272 (9)	0.0209 (8)	0.0011 (7)	0.0097 (7)	0.0032 (7)

# supplementary materials

C22	0 0236 (9)	0 0258 (8)	0 0229 (8)	0.0040(7)	0.0103(7)	0.0062 (7)
C23	0.0236(3)	0.0258(0) 0.0365(10)	0.0229(0) 0.0329(9)	0.0040 (7)	0.0103(7)	0.0002(7) 0.0144(8)
N1	0.0233 (8)	0.0249(7)	0.0329(7)	0.0023 (6)	0.0103 (6)	0.0049(6)
N2	0.0233(8)	0.0219(7) 0.0280(7)	0.0220(7) 0.0234(7)	0.0023 (6)	0.0105 (6)	0.0013 (6)
N3	0.0229(8)	0.0260(7) 0.0268(7)	0.0234(7) 0.0235(7)	0.0022 (0)	0.0132 (6)	0.0033 (0)
145	0.0259 (0)	0.0200 (7)	0.0255 (7)	0.00000 (0)	0.0152 (0)	0.0077 (0)
Geometric paran	neters (Å, °)					
O1—C7		1.2182 (19)	0	12—C19	1	.298 (2)
O2—C7		1.3221 (19)	0	12—H12	(	).90 (2)
O2—H2		0.92 (2)	С	11—C12	1	1.390 (2)
O3—C8		1.2147 (19)	С	11—C16	1	1.395 (2)
O4—C8		1.3217 (19)	С	11—C17	1	1.489 (2)
O4—H4		0.88 (2)	С	12—C13	1	1.391 (2)
О5—С9		1.2065 (19)	С	12—H12A	(	0.9400
O6—C9		1.3204 (19)	С	13—C14	1	.388 (2)
O6—H6		0.91 (2)	С	13—C18	1	.497 (2)
C1—C2		1.390 (2)	С	14—C15	1	1.389 (2)
C1—C6		1.391 (2)	С	14—H14A	(	).9400
C1—C7		1.492 (2)	C	15—C16	1	1.395 (2)
C2—C3		1.393 (2)	С	15—C19	1	.494 (2)
C2—H2A		0.9400	С	16—H16A	(	0.9400
C3—C4		1.395 (2)	0	13—H13A	(	0.91 (2)
C3—C8		1.491 (2)	0	13—H13B	(	0.85 (3)
C4—C5		1.394 (2)	C	21—N2	1	1.300 (2)
C4—H4A		0.9400	C	21—N3	1	1.353 (2)
C5—C6		1.393 (2)	C	21—H21A	(	).9400
С5—С9		1.489 (2)	C	22—N1	1	1.306 (2)
С6—Н6А		0.9400	C	22—N3	1	1.358 (2)
O7—C17		1.3090 (19)	C	22—H22A	(	).9400
O7—H7		0.96 (2)	C	23—N3	1	.472 (2)
O8—C17		1.2230 (18)	C	23—C23 <sup>i</sup>	1	1.513 (3)
O9—C18		1.304 (2)	C	23—H23A	(	).9800
О9—Н9		0.91 (3)	C	23—H23B	(	).9800
O10-C18		1.210 (2)	N	1—N2	1	1.3784 (18)
O11—C19		1.2201 (19)				
С7—О2—Н2		110.6 (13)	C	14—C13—C12	1	119.73 (15)
C8—O4—H4		107.2 (13)	C	14—C13—C18	1	19.44 (14)
С9—О6—Н6		112.6 (13)	C	12—C13—C18	1	120.83 (14)
C2—C1—C6		119.32 (14)	С	13—C14—C15	1	120.10 (15)
C2—C1—C7		120.95 (14)	С	13—C14—H14A	1	120.0
C6—C1—C7		119.73 (14)	C	15—C14—H14A	1	120.0
C1—C2—C3		120.72 (14)	C	14—C15—C16	1	120.34 (14)
C1—C2—H2A		119.6	C	14—C15—C19	1	17.53 (14)
C3—C2—H2A		119.6	C	16—C15—C19	1	122.06 (15)
$C_2 - C_3 - C_4$		119.85 (14)	C	15—C16—C11	1	119.51 (15)
C2—C3—C8		117.56 (14)	C	15—U16—H16A	]	120.2
C4—C3—C8		122.59 (14)	C	11—C16—H16A	]	120.2
U3-U4-U3		119.53 (14)	0	8-C1/0/	l	122.24 (14)

С5—С4—Н4А	120.2	O8—C17—C11	122.17 (15)
C3—C4—H4A	120.2	O7—C17—C11	115.59 (13)
C6—C5—C4	120.21 (14)	O10-C18-O9	125.16 (16)
C6—C5—C9	119.87 (14)	O10-C18-C13	121.74 (15)
C4—C5—C9	119.88 (13)	O9—C18—C13	113.10 (14)
C1—C6—C5	120.34 (14)	O11—C19—O12	125.08 (15)
С1—С6—Н6А	119.8	O11—C19—C15	120.02 (15)
С5—С6—Н6А	119.8	O12—C19—C15	114.90 (14)
O1—C7—O2	123.19 (14)	H13A—O13—H13B	110 (2)
O1—C7—C1	124.36 (15)	N2-C21-N3	110.82 (14)
O2—C7—C1	112.45 (13)	N2-C21-H21A	124.6
O3—C8—O4	123.84 (15)	N3—C21—H21A	124.6
O3—C8—C3	123.02 (14)	N1—C22—N3	110.10 (15)
O4—C8—C3	113.14 (14)	N1—C22—H22A	124.9
O5—C9—O6	122.58 (16)	N3—C22—H22A	124.9
O5—C9—C5	124.55 (15)	N3—C23—C23 <sup>i</sup>	111.15 (18)
O6—C9—C5	112.86 (13)	N3—C23—H23A	109.4
С17—О7—Н7	107.8 (13)	C23 <sup>i</sup> —C23—H23A	109.4
С18—О9—Н9	112.4 (14)	N3—C23—H23B	109.4
C19—O12—H12	113.6 (14)	C23 <sup>i</sup> —C23—H23B	109.4
C12—C11—C16	119.86 (14)	H23A—C23—H23B	108.0
C12—C11—C17	117.73 (14)	C22—N1—N2	107.37 (13)
C16—C11—C17	122.41 (14)	C21—N2—N1	106.94 (13)
C11—C12—C13	120.45 (14)	C21—N3—C22	104.77 (13)
C11—C12—H12A	119.8	C21—N3—C23	127.89 (14)
C13—C12—H12A	119.8	C22—N3—C23	127.25 (14)
Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1$ , $-y$ , $-z$ .			

# Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D\!\!-\!\!\mathrm{H}\!\!\cdot\!\!\cdot\!\!\cdot\!A$		
O2—H2…O11 <sup>ii</sup>	0.92 (2)	1.67 (2)	2.594 (2)	175 (2)		
O4—H4…O8	0.88 (2)	1.75 (2)	2.626 (2)	174 (2)		
O6—H6…O1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.91 (2)	1.84 (2)	2.699 (2)	157 (2)		
O7—H7…N1	0.96 (2)	1.75 (2)	2.703 (2)	172 (2)		
O9—H9…O13	0.91 (3)	1.63 (3)	2.531 (2)	170 (2)		
O12—H12···N2 <sup>iv</sup>	0.90 (2)	1.76 (2)	2.644 (2)	167 (2)		
O13—H13A…O10 <sup>v</sup>	0.91 (2)	1.81 (3)	2.711 (2)	171 (2)		
O13—H13B…O5	0.85 (3)	1.92 (3)	2.751 (2)	167 (2)		
Symmetry codes: (ii) $x+1$ , $y$ , $z-1$ ; (iii) $-x+3$ , $-y+2$ , $-z+1$ ; (iv) $-x$ , $-y$ , $-z+1$ ; (v) $-x+2$ , $-y+2$ , $-z+2$ .						

Fig. 1









